REPORT OF THE AUDIT OF THE JACKSON COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004



CRIT LUALLEN AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

www.auditor.ky.gov

105 SEA HERO ROAD, SUITE 2 FRANKFORT, KY 40601-5404 TELEPHONE (502) 573-0050 FACSIMILE (502) 573-0067

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

AUDIT EXAMINATION OF THE JACKSON COUNTY FISCAL COURT

June 30, 2004

The Auditor of Public Accounts has completed the audit of the Jackson County Fiscal Court for fiscal year ended June 30, 2004. We have issued unqualified opinions, based on our audit on the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and aggregate remaining fund information. In accordance with OMB Circular A-133, we have issued an unqualified opinion on the compliance requirements that are applicable to Jackson County's major federal program, Community Development Block Grant, for the year ended June 30, 2004.

Financial Condition:

The fiscal court had net assets of \$2,533,366 as of June 30, 2004. The fiscal court had unrestricted net assets of \$866,656 in its governmental funds as of June 30, 2004, with total net assets of \$2,528,404. In its enterprise fund, total net cash and cash equivalents were \$4,962 with total net assets of \$4,962. The fiscal court had total debt principal as of June 30, 2004 of \$459,692 with \$343,615 due within the next year.

Report Comments:

- The County Should Require Depository Institutions To Pledge Or Provide Sufficient Collateral To Protect Deposits At All Times
- The Fiscal Court Should Approve All Debt Issued Or Incurred

CONTENTS

MEMBERS OF THE JACKSON COUNTY FISCAL COURT	1
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	1
JACKSON COUNTY OFFICIALS	5
STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS	9
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS	12
BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS	16
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS	20
RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS	25
STATEMENT OF FUND NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS	29
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS	33
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS	37
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	38
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES - MAJOR FUNDS	55
NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	61
COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS-MODIFIED CASH BASIS	65
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS	69
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS	73
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS	77
NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS	78
REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND	81
ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL	81
STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS	81
REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133	85
APPENDIX A:	

CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE - LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE PROGRAM



CRIT LUALLEN AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

To the People of Kentucky
Honorable Ernie Fletcher, Governor
Robbie Rudolph, Secretary
Finance and Administration Cabinet
Honorable Tommy Slone, Jackson County Judge/Executive
Members of the Jackson County Fiscal Court

Independent Auditor's Report

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Jackson County, Kentucky, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2004, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Jackson County Fiscal Court. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the Audit Guide for Fiscal Court Audits issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts, Commonwealth of Kentucky. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

As described in Note 1, Jackson County, Kentucky, prepares its financial statements on a prescribed basis of accounting that demonstrates compliance with the modified cash basis, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Jackson County, Kentucky, as of June 30, 2004, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with the basis of accounting described in Note 1.



TELEPHONE 502.573.0050

To the People of Kentucky
Honorable Ernie Fletcher, Governor
Robbie Rudolph, Secretary
Finance and Administration Cabinet
Honorable Tommy Slone, Jackson County Judge/Executive
Members of the Jackson County Fiscal Court

The county has implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements 33, 34, and 37 as they relate to the modified cash basis of accounting as described in Note 1, which has altered the format and content of the basic financial statements.

The Jackson County Fiscal Court has not presented the management's discussion and analysis that the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be a part of, the basic financial statements. The budgetary comparison information is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of budgetary comparison information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Jackson County, Kentucky's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information, combining and individual fund financial statements, are presented for additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining fund financial statements and the schedule of federal expenditures have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation of the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated October 18, 2005, on our consideration of Jackson County, Kentucky's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

To the People of Kentucky
Honorable Ernie Fletcher, Governor
Robbie Rudolph, Secretary
Finance and Administration Cabinet
Honorable Tommy Slone, Jackson County Judge/Executive
Members of the Jackson County Fiscal Court

Based on the results of our audit, we present the schedule of findings and questioned costs, included herein, which discuss the following report comments:

- The County Should Require Depository Institutions To Pledge Or Provide Sufficient Collateral To Protect Deposits At All Times
- The Fiscal Court Should Approve All Debt Issued Or Incurred

Respectfully submitted,

Crit Luallen

Auditor of Public Accounts

Audit fieldwork completed - October 18, 2005

JACKSON COUNTY OFFICIALS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2004

Fiscal Court Members:

Tommy Slone County Judge/Executive

Leon BinghamMagistrateVester RoseMagistrateEdward MorganMagistrate

Other Elected Officials:

George T. Hays County Attorney

Ronnie Gabbard Jailer

Donald Moore County Clerk

Bobby G. Morris Circuit Court Clerk

Tim Fee Sheriff

Paul N. Rose Property Valuation Administrator

Melvin Lakes Coroner

Appointed Personnel:

Patricia Gabbard County Treasurer

William Gay Finance Officer

JACKSON COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

JACKSON COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

	Primary Government					
	Governmental Activities			ness-Type tivities	Totals	
ASSETS		Activities	АС	HVILLS		Totals
Current Assets:						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	861,656	\$	4,962	\$	866,618
Investments	·	5,000		,	·	5,000
Total Current Assets		866,656		4,962		871,618
Noncurrent Assets:						
Capital Assets - Net of Accumulated						
Depreciation						
Land and Land Improvements		245,373				245,373
Buildings		864,133				864,133
Vehicles and Equipment		831,246				831,246
Infrastructure Assets - Net						
of Depreciation		180,688				180,688
Total Noncurrent Assets		2,121,440				2,121,440
Total Assets		2,988,096		4,962		2,993,058
LIABILITIES						
Current Liabilities:						
Financing Obligations		343,615				343,615
Total Current Liabilities		343,615				343,615
Noncurrent Liabilities:						
Financing Obligations		116,077				116,077
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		116,077				116,077
Total Liabilities		459,692				459,692
NET ASSETS						
Invested in Capital Assets,						
Net of Related Debt	\$	1,661,748	\$		\$	1,661,748
Unrestricted		866,656		4,962		871,618
Total Net Assets	\$	2,528,404	\$	4,962	\$	2,533,366



JACKSON COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

JACKSON COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2004

			Program Revenues Received					
Functions/Programs Reporting Entity		Expenses	Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Gı	Capital cants and atributions
Primary Government:								
Governmental Activities:								
General Government	\$	768,653	\$	7,119	\$	1,126,730	\$	
Protection to Persons and Property		694,462		2,310		243,580		
General Health and Sanitation		943,777		281,674				
Social Services		4,500						
Recreation and Culture		42,603						
Roads		690,789				133,343		
Airports		35,668						
Debt Service		19,779						
Capital Projects								605,394
Total Governmental Activities		3,200,231		291,103		1,503,653		605,394
Business-type Activities:								
Jail Canteen		20,675		23,236				
Total Business-type Activities		20,675		23,236				
Total Primary Government	\$	3,220,906	\$	314,339	\$	1,503,653	\$	605,394

General Revenues:

Taxes:

Real Property Taxes
Personal Property Taxes
Motor Vehicle Taxes
Other Taxes
Excess Fees
Miscellaneous Revenues
Accrued Interest Received

Total General Revenues and Transfers Change in Net Assets Net Assets - Beginning (Restated)

Net Assets - Ending

JACKSON COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS For The Year Ended June 30, 2004 (Continued)

Net (Disbursements) Receipts and Changes in Net Assets

	and	Chan	ges in Net A	sset	S				
	Primary Government								
	vernmental		ness-Type						
1	Activities	A	ctivities		Totals				
\$	365,196	\$		\$	365,196				
	(448,572)				(448,572				
	(662,103)				(662,103				
	(4,500)				(4,500				
	(42,603)				(42,603				
	(557,446)				(557,446				
	(35,668)				(35,668				
	(19,779)				(19,779				
	605,394				605,394				
	(800,081)				(800,081				
			2,561		2,561				
			2,561		2,561				
\$	(800,081)	\$	2,561	\$	(797,520				
	144,701				144,701				
	21,696				21,696				
	73,360				73,360				
	599,714				599,714				
	31,008				31,008				
	5,449				5,449				
	43,918				43,918				
	919,846				919,846				
	119,765		2,561		122,326				
	2,408,639		2,401		2,411,040				
\$	2,528,404	\$	4,962	\$	2,533,366				



JACKSON COUNTY BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

JACKSON COUNTY BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

June 30, 2004

General Fund		Road And Jail			Local Government Economic		Transfer Station Fund		
	Tunu		age runa		Tunu	710010	tunce I unu		Tunu
\$	77,428	\$	563,624	\$	3,461	\$	108,756	\$	48,857
\$	77,428	\$	563,624	\$	3,461	\$	108,756	\$	48,857
\$	77,428	\$		\$		\$		\$	
			563,624		3,461		108,756		48,857
\$	77,428	\$	563,624	\$	3,461	\$	108,756	\$	48,857
	\$	\$ 77,428 \$ 77,428 \$ 77,428	Fund Brid \$ 77,428 \$ \$ 77,428 \$ \$ 77,428 \$	General Fund And Bridge Fund \$ 77,428 \$ 563,624 \$ 77,428 \$ 563,624 \$ 77,428 \$ 563,624	General Fund And Bridge Fund \$ 77,428 \$ 563,624 \$ \$ 77,428 \$ 563,624 \$ \$ 77,428 \$ 563,624 \$	General Fund And Bridge Fund Jail Fund \$ 77,428 \$ 563,624 \$ 3,461 \$ 77,428 \$ 563,624 \$ 3,461 \$ 77,428 \$ 563,624 \$ 3,461	General Fund And Bridge Fund Jail Fund Edit Fund \$ 77,428 \$ 563,624 \$ 3,461 \$ \$ 77,428 \$ 563,624 \$ 3,461 \$ \$ 77,428 \$ 563,624 \$ 3,461 \$	General Fund And Bridge Fund Jail Fund Economic Assistance Fund \$ 77,428 \$ 563,624 \$ 3,461 \$ 108,756 \$ 77,428 \$ 563,624 \$ 3,461 \$ 108,756 \$ 77,428 \$ 563,624 \$ 3,461 \$ 108,756	General Fund And Bridge Fund Jail Fund Economic Assistance Fund Stance Fund \$ 77,428 \$ 563,624 \$ 3,461 \$ 108,756 \$ \$ 77,428 \$ 563,624 \$ 3,461 \$ 108,756 \$ \$ 77,428 \$ 563,624 \$ 3,461 \$ 108,756 \$

Reconciliation to Statement of Changes In Net Assets:

Total Fund Balances	\$	866,656
Amounts reported for governmental activites in the statement		
of net assets are differnet because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activites		3,186,545
(Not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.)		
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(1,065,105)
Short-term debt is not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, is not		
reported in the funds.		
KADD Lease 2004		(300,000)
Long-term debt is not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, is not		
reported in the funds.		
Financing Obligations	_	(159,692)
Net Assets Of Governmental Activities	\$	2,528,404

JACKSON COUNTY BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS For The Year Ended June 30, 2004 (Continued)

Ć	pecial Frant Fund	Fina Trus	ADD incing t Lease und]	Non- Major Funds	 Total ernmental Funds
\$	3,662	\$		\$	60,868	\$ 866,656
\$	3,662	\$	0	\$	60,868	\$ 866,656
\$	3,662	\$		\$	60,868	\$ 77,428 789,228
\$	3,662	\$	0	\$	60,868	\$ 866,656



JACKSON COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

JACKSON COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

						Local
			Road		Go	vernment
	General		And	Jail	E	conomic
	Fund	Bri	dge Fund	 Fund	Assi	stance Fund
REVENUES						
Taxes	\$ 693,894	\$		\$	\$	
In Lieu Tax Payments	85,740		57,666			
Excess Fees	31,008					
Intergovernmental	149,664		982,590	58,333		133,343
Charges for Services	15,322					
Miscellaneous				15,021		
Interest	2,253		37,161	486		2,717
Total Revenues	977,881		1,077,417	73,840		136,060
EXPENDITURES						
General Government	403,321		10,800			539
Protection to Persons and Property	173,606			324,651		5,687
General Health and Sanitation	73,725			ŕ		ŕ
Social Services	1,000					3,500
Recreation and Culture	12,600					5,000
Roads	•		888,016			ŕ
Airports						35,668
Debt Service	9,748		25,296			
Administration	165,851		145,132	27,354		
Total Expenditures	 839,851		1,069,244	 352,005		50,394
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over						
Expenditures Before Other						
Financing Sources (Uses)	 138,030		8,173	(278,165)		85,666
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Lease Proceeds						
Cost Of Lease Issuance						
Transfers To Other Funds	(312,000)		(35,000)			(8,000)
Transfers From Other Funds	35,000		35,000	277,000		(0,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (277,000)		33,000	 277,000		(8,000)
zotaz otner i maneing bourees (Osco)	 (277,000)			 277,000		(0,000)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(138,970)		8,173	(1,165)		77,666
Fund Balances - Beginning	 216,398		555,451	4,626		31,090
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 77,428	\$	563,624	\$ 3,461	\$	108,756

JACKSON COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS For The Year Ended June 30, 2004 (Continued)

			KADD		
T	`ransfer	Special	Financing	Non-	Total
	Station	Grant	Trust Lease	Major	Governmental
l	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
					_
\$		\$	\$	\$ 2,096	\$ 695,990
Ψ		Ψ	Ψ	– ,0>0	143,406
					31,008
		605,394		172,536	
	266,352	,		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	281,674
				7,119	
	1,191		16	94	43,918
	267,543	605,394	16	181,845	
					414,660
				157,374	
	256,205	611,993		107,071	941,923
	,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			4,500
				17,424	
				,	888,016
					35,668
	18,771		302,409		356,224
	14,066				352,403
	289,042	611,993	302,409	174,798	3,689,736
	(21,499)	(6,599)	(302,393)	7,047	(369,740)
			300,000		300,000
			(5,000)		(5,000)
			, , ,		(355,000)
				8,000	
			295,000	8,000	295,000
	(21,499)	(6,599)	(7,393)	15,047	(74,740)
	70,356	10,261	7,393	45,821	941,396
\$	48,857	\$ 3,662	\$ 0	\$ 60,868	\$ 866,656
: =	10,037	Ψ 3,002	Ψ <u>0</u>	Ψ 00,000	\$ 000,000



JACKSON COUNTY RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

JACKSON COUNTY RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ (74,740)
Governmental Funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the	
Statement of Activities the cost of those assets are allocated over their	
estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	
Capital Outlay	372,818
Depreciation Expense	(118,155)
The issuance of debt provides current financial resources while the repayment principal on debt consumes current financial resources. Neither transaction, h has any effect on net assets.	
Proceeds - KADD Lease Series 2004	(300,000)
Repayment - KADD Lease Series 2003	295,000
Financing Obligations Principal Payments	46,445
Financing Obligations Proceeds	 (101,603)
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$ 119,765



JACKSON COUNTY STATEMENT OF FUND NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

JACKSON COUNTY STATEMENT OF FUND NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

	Enterprise Fund	
	Jail Canteen Fund	
Assets		
Current Assets:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	4,962
Total Current Assets		4,962
Total Assets		4,962
Liabilities		
Total Liabilities		0
Net Assets		
Unrestricted		4,962
Total Net Assets	\$	4,962



JACKSON COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

JACKSON COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

	Enterprise Fund		
	Jail Canteen Fund		
Operating Revenues			
Canteen Receipts	\$	23,236	
Total Operating Revenues		23,236	
Operating Expenses			
Other Expenses		20,458	
Inventory		217	
Total Operating Expenses		20,675	
Operating Income (Loss)		2,561	
Change In Net Assets Total Net Assets - Beginning		2,561 2,401	
Total Net Assets - Ending	\$	4,962	



JACKSON COUNTY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

${\bf JACKSON~COUNTY}\\ {\bf STATEMENT~OF~CASH~FLOWS~PROPRIETARY~FUND~MODIFIED~CASH~BASIS}$

	Enterprise Fund	
	Jail Canteen Fund	
Cash Flows From Operating Activities		
Receipts From Customers	\$	23,236
Cost of Sales		(20,675)
Net Cash Provided By		
Operating Activities		2,561
Net Increase in Cash and Cash		
Equivalents		2,561
Cash and Cash Equivalents - July 1		2,401
Cash and Cash Equivalents - June 30	\$	4,962
	En	terprise Fund
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		Jail Canteen Fund
Operating Income	\$	2,561
Total Cash Provided By Operating Activities	\$	2,561

JACKSON COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2004

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Basis of Presentation

The county prepares its financial statements in accordance with a modified cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Under this basis of accounting, assets, liabilities, and related revenues and expenditures are recorded when they result from cash transactions, with a few exceptions. This modified cash basis recognizes revenues when received and expenditures when paid. Notes receivable are recognized on the Statement of Net Assets, but notes receivable are not included and recognized on Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds. Property tax receivables, accounts payable, compensated absences, and donated assets are not reflected in the financial statements.

Encumbrances lapse at year-end and are not reflected on the Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities; however encumbrances are reflected on the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds as part of the fund balance (Reserved for Encumbrances).

The State Local Finance Officer does not require the county to report capital assets and infrastructure; however the value of these assets is included in the Statement of Net Assets and the corresponding depreciation expense is included on the Statement of Activities.

B. Reporting Entity

The financial statements of Jackson County include the funds, agencies, boards, and entities for which the fiscal court is financially accountable. Financial accountability, as defined by Section 2100 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, as amended by GASB 14 and GASB 39, was determined on the basis of the government's ability to significantly influence operations, select the governing authority, participate in fiscal management and the scope of public service. Consequently, the reporting entity includes organizations that are legally separate from the primary government. Legally separate organizations are reported as component units if either the county is financially accountable or the organization's exclusion would cause the county's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Component units may be blended or discretely presented. Blended component units either provide their services exclusively or almost entirely to the primary government, or their governing bodies are substantively the same as the primary government. All other component units are discretely presented.

Blended Component Units

The following legally separate organizations provide their services exclusively to the primary government, and the fiscal court is able to impose its will on this organization. These organizations' balances and transactions are reported as though they are part of the county's primary government using the blending method.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

B. Reporting Entity (Continued)

Blended Component Units (Continued)

The KADD Financing Trust Lease Fund

The KADD Financing Trust lease Fund is established for the Fiscal Court for the purpose of providing financing for approved projects and is maintained by a third party trustee on the Fiscal Court's behalf; therefore, management must include this fund as a part of the reporting entity and its financial activity is blended with that of the Fiscal Court.

The Jackson County Recreation and Parks Board

The Jackson County Recreation and Parks Board is established for the purpose of maintaining and overseeing the day-to-day operations of the county parks. The Jackson County Fiscal Court is financially accountable for the Board; therefore, management must include the Board as part of the reporting entity and its financial activity is blended with that of the Fiscal Court.

C. Jackson County Constitutional Elected Officials Not Part Of Jackson County, Kentucky

The Kentucky constitution provides for election of the officials below from the geographic area constituting Jackson County. Pursuant to state statute, these officials perform various services for the Commonwealth of Kentucky, its judicial courts, the fiscal court, various cities and special districts within the county, and the board of education. In exercising these responsibilities, however, they are required to comply with state laws. Audits of their financial statements are issued separately and individually and can be obtained from their respective administrative offices. These financial statements are not required to be included in the financial statements of Jackson County, Kentucky.

- Circuit Court Clerk
- County Attorney
- Property Valuation Administrator
- County Clerk
- County Sheriff

D. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government—wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its non-fiduciary component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activities has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on sales, fees, and charges for support. Business-type revenues come mostly from fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

The government-wide statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the modified cash basis of accounting, as do the proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements. Under this basis of accounting, assets, liabilities, and related revenues and expenditures are recorded when they result from cash transactions, with a few exceptions. Property tax receivables, accounts payable, compensated absences, and donated assets are not reflected in the financial statements.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of net assets presents the reporting entity's non-fiduciary assets and liabilities, the difference between the two being reported as net assets. Net assets are reported in three categories:

1) invested in capital assets, net of related debt - consisting of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances for debt related to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets; 2) restricted net assets - resulting from constraints placed on net assets by creditors, grantors, contributors, and other external parties, including those constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation; and 3) unrestricted net assets - those assets that do not meet the definition of restricted net assets or invested in capital assets.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function; 2) operating grants and contributions; and 3) capital grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Internally dedicated resources such as taxes and unrestricted state funds are reported as general revenues.

Funds are characterized as either major or non-major. Major funds are those whose assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses are at least ten percent of the corresponding total (assets, liabilities, etc.) for all funds or type (governmental or proprietary funds) and whose total assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenditures/expenses are at least five percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined. The fiscal court may also designate any fund as major.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the financial statements.

Governmental Funds

All governmental fund statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified cash basis of accounting. The modified cash basis recognizes revenues when received and expenditures when paid.

The primary government reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the primary operating fund of the fiscal court. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except where the Governor's Office for Local Development requires a separate fund or where management requires that a separate fund be used for some function.

Road Fund - This fund is for road and bridge construction and repair. The primary source of revenue for this fund is state payments for truck licenses distribution, municipal road aid, and transportation grants. The Governor's Office for Local Development requires the fiscal court to maintain these receipts and expenditures separately from the General Fund.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Governmental Funds (Continued)

Jail Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for the jail expenses of the county. The primary sources of revenue for this fund are reimbursements from the state and federal government, payments from other counties for housing prisoners, and transfers from the General Fund. The Governor's Office for Local Development requires the fiscal court to maintain these receipts and expenditures separately from the General Fund.

Local Government Economic Assistance Fund - The purpose of this fund is to account for funds received and expended for the purposes intended as dictated by the applicable Kentucky Revised Statutes.

Transfer Station Fund - The purpose of this fund is to account for funds received and expended for operations of the transfer station and clean up of designated areas of the county.

Special Grant Fund - The purpose of this fund is to account for grant funds received and expended to special grant funded projects.

KADD Financing Trust Lease Fund - The purpose of this fund is to account for funds received from a KADD lease issuances. These funds may be used for the initial phases of a new judicial building.

The primary government also has the following non-major funds: Forestry Fund, DES Fund, and the Recreation and Parks Fund

Special Revenue Funds:

The Road Fund, Jail Fund, Local Government Economic Assistance Fund, Transfer Station Fund, Special Grant Fund, KADD Financing Trust Lease Fund, Forestry Fund, DES Fund, and the Recreation and Parks Fund are presented as special revenue funds. Special revenue funds are to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources and expenditures that are legally restricted for specific purposes.

Generally, and except as otherwise provided by law, property taxes are assessed as of January 1, levied (mailed) November 1, due at a discount November 30, due at face value December 31, delinquent January 1 following the assessment, and subject to lien and sale on April 30.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Proprietary Funds

All proprietary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the modified cash basis of accounting. Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with proprietary funds' principal ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses. The principal operating revenues of the county's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales in the Jail Canteen Fund. Operating expenses for the enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. The government has elected not to adopt Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements of Interpretations issued after November 30, 1989, unless the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) specifically adopts such FASB Statements and Interpretations.

The primary government reports the following major proprietary fund:

Jail Canteen Fund - The canteen operations are authorized pursuant to KRS 441.135(1), which allows the jailer to sell snacks, sodas, and other items to inmates. The profits generated from the sale of those items are to be used for the benefit or recreation of the inmates. KRS 441.135(2) requires the jailer to maintain accounting records and report annually to the county treasurer the receipts and disbursements of the Jail Canteen Fund.

E. Deposits and Investments

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, certificates of deposit, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

KRS 66.480 authorizes the county to invest in the following, including but not limited to, obligations of the United States and of its agencies and instrumentalities, obligations and contracts for future delivery or purchase of obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of any corporation of the United States government, bonds or certificates of indebtedness of this state, and certificates of deposit issued by or other interest-bearing accounts of any bank or savings and loan institution which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or which are collateralized, to the extent uninsured, by any obligation permitted by KRS 41.240(4).

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

F. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, land improvements, buildings, furniture and office equipment, building improvements, machinery, equipment, and infrastructure assets (roads and bridges) that have a useful life of more than one reporting period based on the government's capitalization policy, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities of the government-wide financial statements. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost when purchased or constructed.

Cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized. Land and Construction In Progress are not depreciated. Interest incurred during construction is not capitalized. Capital assets and infrastructure are depreciated using the straight-line method of depreciation over the estimated useful life of the asset.

	Capitalization		Useful Life
	T1	nreshold	(Years)
Land Improvements	\$	12,500	10-60
Buildings and Building Improvements	\$	25,000	10-75
Machinery and Equipment	\$	5,000	3-25
Vehicles	\$	5,000	3-25
Infrastructure	\$	20,000	10-50

G. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable financial statements. The principal amount of bonds, notes and financing obligations are reported.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond interest, as well as bond issuance costs when received or when paid, during the current period. The principal amount of the debt and interest is reported as expenditures. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures. Debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

H. Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, the difference between the assets and liabilities of governmental funds is reported as fund balance. Fund balance is divided into reserved and unreserved components, with unreserved considered available for new spending. Unreserved fund balances, may be divided into designated and undesignated portions. Designations represent fiscal court's intended use of the resources and should reflect actual plans approved by the fiscal court.

Governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose, long-term receivables, and encumbrances.

"Reserved for Encumbrances" are purchase orders that will be fulfilled in a subsequent fiscal period. Although the purchase order or contract creates a legal commitment, the fiscal court incurs no liability until performance has occurred on the part of the party with whom the fiscal court has entered into the arrangement. When a government intends to honor outstanding commitments in subsequent periods, such amounts are encumbered. Encumbrances lapse at year-end and are not reflected on the Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities; however, encumbrances are reflected on the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds as part of the fund balance.

I. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a cash basis of accounting and according to the laws of Kentucky as required by the State Local Finance Officer.

The County Judge/Executive is required to submit estimated receipts and proposed expenditures to the fiscal court by May 1 of each year. The budget is prepared by fund, function, and activity and is required to be adopted by the fiscal court by July 1.

The fiscal court may change the original budget by transferring appropriations at the activity level; however, the fiscal court may not increase the total budget without approval by the State Local Finance Officer. Expenditures may not exceed budgeted appropriations at the activity level.

Formal budgets are not adopted for the KADD Financing Trust Lease Fund and the Recreation and Parks Fund. The Governor's Office for Local Development does not require these funds to be budgeted.

J. Jointly Governed Organizations

A jointly governed organization is an entity that results from a multigovenmental arrangement that is governed by representatives from each participating government. The entity provides services to the citizens of each participating government, but there is no ongoing financial interest or responsibility by the participating governments. The jointly governed organization can act independently of each of the participating governments. The Jackson County McKee Industrial Development Authority meets the criteria noted above and is disclosed as an organization jointly governed by Jackson County and the City of McKee.

Note 2. Deposits

Deposits

The primary government and component units maintained deposits of public funds with depository institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). According to KRS 66.480(1)(d) and KRS 41.240(4), the depository institution should pledge or provide sufficient collateral which, together with FDIC insurance, equals or exceeds the amount of public funds on deposit at all times. In order to be valid against the FDIC in the event of failure or insolvency of the depository institution, this pledge or provision of collateral should be evidenced by an agreement between the county and the depository institution, signed by both parties, that is (a) in writing, (b) approved by the board of directors of the depository institution or its loan committee, which approval must be reflected in the minutes of the board or committee, and (c) an official record of the depository institution. However, as of June 30, 2004, the collateral and the FDIC insurance together did not equal or exceed the amount on deposit, leaving \$67,017 of public funds uninsured and unsecured.

The county's deposits are categorized below to give an indication of the level of risk assumed by the county as of June 30, 2004.

	Ban	k Balance
FDIC Insured	\$	200,000
Collateralized with securities held by pledging depository institution in the county's name		941,106
Uncollateralized and uninsured		67,017
Total	\$	1,208,123

Note 3. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2004 was as follows:

	Reporting Entity					
	Beginning		<u> </u>	Ending		
Primary Government:	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance		
Governmental Activities:						
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:						
Land and Land Improvements	\$ 245,373	\$	\$	\$ 245,373		
Total Capital Assets Not Being						
Depreciated	245,373			245,373		
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:						
Buildings	1,236,215			1,236,215		
Vehicles and Equipment	1,332,139	172,053		1,504,192		
Infrastructure	, ,	200,765		200,765		
Total Capital Assets Being						
Depreciated	2,568,354	372,818		2,941,172		
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:						
Buildings	(344,532)	(27,550)		(372,082)		
Vehicles and Equipment	(602,418)	(70,528)		(672,946)		
Infrastructure		(20,077)		(20,077)		
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(946,950)	(118,155)		(1,065,105)		
Total Capital Assets, Being						
Depreciated, Net	1,621,404	254,663		1,876,067		
Governmental Activities Capital						
Assets, Net	\$ 1,866,777	\$ 254,663	\$ 0	\$ 2,121,440		

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities:

General Government	\$ 1,590
General Health	1,854
Protection to Persons and Property	38,814
Recreation and Culture	7,579
Roads, Including Depreciation of General Infrastructure Assets	68,318
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$ 118,155

Note 4. Short-term Debt - Financing Obligations

A. KADD Lease - Series 2003

On June 4, 2003, the Jackson County Fiscal Court entered into a one-year leasing agreement with KADD Financing Trust to refinance a previous KADD lease dated July 5, 2001. The proceeds of the original lease were used to purchase land for a new county courthouse. This lease matured on April 20, 2004. The principal due of 295,000 was paid in full.

B. KADD Lease - Series 2004

On May 7, 2004, the Jackson County Fiscal Court entered into a one-year leasing agreement with KADD Financing Trust to refinance a previous KADD lease dated June 4, 2003. The proceeds of the original lease were used to purchase land for a new county courthouse. The principal payment is due April 20, 2005.

		Governmental Activities			
Fiscal Year Ended					
June 30	Principal Interest				
2005	\$	300,000	\$	7,375	
	•				
Totals	\$	300,000	\$	7,375	

Changes In Short-term Liabilities

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
KADD Lease - Series 2003 KADD Lease - Series 2004	\$ 295,000	\$ 300,000	\$ 295,000	\$ 300,000	\$ 300,000
Financing Obligations Payable	\$ 295,000	\$ 300,000	\$ 295,000	\$300,000	\$ 300,000

Note 5. Long-term Debt - Financing Obligations

A. Caterpillar Loader

On May 8, 2000, the Jackson County Fiscal Court entered into a lease agreement with Caterpillar Financial Services for the purchase of a loader. Terms of the lease agreement stipulate a four-year repayment schedule with monthly principal and interest payments of \$1,456. The final payment on the grader was made in FY 2004.

Note 5. Long-term Debt - Financing Obligations (Continued)

B. 2002 Ambulance

On September 17, 2002, the County entered into a lease agreement with Farmer's Bank and Capital Trust Co. for the purchase of an ambulance. Terms of the lease agreement stipulate a three-year repayment schedule with monthly principal and interest payments of \$975. As of June 30, 2004, the principal balance outstanding was \$15,126. Debt service requirements for fiscal years ending June 30, 2005 and thereafter are as follows:

	Governmental Activities						
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	P	Principal Interest					
2005 2006	\$	11,251 3,875	\$	447 24			
Totals	\$	15,126	\$	471			

C. 2003 Komatsu Wheel Loader

On February 20, 2003, the County entered into a lease agreement with Komatsu Financial for the purchase of a Komatsu wheel loader. Terms of the lease agreement stipulate a five-year repayment schedule with monthly principal and interest payments of \$1,207. As of June 30, 2004, the principal balance outstanding was \$52,444. Debt service requirements for fiscal years ending June 30, 2005 and thereafter are as follows:

	Governmental Activities				
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	P	rincipal	I1	nterest	
2005	\$	11,549	\$	1,732	
2006 2007		13,091 13,624		1,397 864	
2008 Totals	<u> </u>	14,180 52,444	s	4,302	

Note 5. Long-term Debt - Financing Obligations (Continued)

D. 2003 GMC Dump Truck

On May 30, 2003, the County entered into a lease agreement with Volvo Commercial Finance for the purchase of a GMC dump truck. Terms of the lease agreement stipulate a five-year repayment schedule with monthly principal and interest payments of \$1,025. As of June 30, 2004, the principal balance outstanding was \$43,864. Debt service requirements for fiscal years ending June 30, 2005 and thereafter are as follows:

	Governmental Activities								
Fiscal Year Ended									
June 30	P	rincipal	Interest						
2005	\$	10,041	\$	2,260					
2006		10,634		1,667					
2007		11,262		1,040					
2008		11,927		375					
Totals	\$	43,864	\$	5,342					

E. 2003 Ambulance

On January 13, 2004, the County entered into a lease agreement with Farmer's Bank and Capital Trust Co. for the purchase of an ambulance. Terms of the lease agreement stipulate a four-year repayment schedule with semi-annual principal and interest payments of \$6,741 due in July and January. As of June 30, 2004, the principal balance outstanding was \$48,258. Debt service requirements for fiscal years ending June 30, 2005 and thereafter are as follows:

	Governmental Activities									
Fiscal Year Ended										
June 30	P	rincipal	Interest							
2005	\$	10,774	\$	2,458						
2006		11,729		1,753						
2007		12,479		1,003						
2008		13,276		206						
Totals	\$	48,258	\$	5,420						

Note 5. Long-term Debt - Financing Obligations (Continued)

F. Changes In Long-term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2004, was as follows:

	В	eginning			Ending		Due Within			
		Balance	Additions		Reductions		Balance		One Year	
Primary Government:										
Governmental Activities:										
Financing Obligations	\$	104,534	\$	101,603	\$	46,445	\$	159,692	\$	43,615
Governmental Activities Long-term Liabilities	\$	104,534	\$	101,603	\$	46,445	\$	159,692	\$	43,615

Note 6. Employee Retirement System

The fiscal court has elected to participate in the County Employees Retirement System (CERS), pursuant to KRS 78.530 administered by the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement Systems. This is a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, which covers all eligible full-time employees and provides for retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members. Benefit contributions and provisions are established by statute. Nonhazardous covered employees are required to contribute 5 percent of their salary to the plan. The county's contribution rate for nonhazardous employees was 7.34 percent.

Benefits fully vest on reaching five years of service for nonhazardous employees. Aspects of benefits for nonhazardous employees include retirement after 27 years of service or age 65.

Historical trend information showing the CERS' progress in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is presented in the Kentucky Retirement Systems' annual financial report. This report may be obtained by writing the Kentucky Retirement System, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, Kentucky 40601-6124, or by telephone at (502) 564-4646

Note 7. Insurance

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004, Jackson County was a member of the Kentucky Association of Counties' All Lines Fund (KALF). KALF is a self-insurance fund and was organized to obtain lower cost coverage for general liability, property damage, public officials' errors and omissions, public liability, and other damages. The basic nature of a self-insurance program is that of a collectively shared risk by its members. If losses incurred for covered claims exceed the resources contributed by the members, the members are responsible for payment of the excess losses.

Note 8. Changes in Accounting Principles and Prior Period Adjustments

The county has elected to implement Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements 33, 34 and 37, as they relate to the modified cash basis of accounting as described in Note 1, which has altered the format and content of the basic financial statements. The beginning net assets balance for the governmental activities was \$2,408,639 and the beginning fund balance for the governmental funds was \$941,396 for an increase of \$1,467,243. The effect of this change on the beginning net assets of the governmental activities is primarily due to capital assets previously not reported, and the effect of long-term debt.

Note 9. Estimated Infrastructure Historical Cost

Infrastructure historical cost is an estimate. The primary government estimated the year infrastructure was built by determining when a major reconstruction had been done on infrastructure. Then current year construction cost was deflated back to this estimated year of construction to arrive at estimated historical costs.



JACKSON COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES - MAJOR FUNDS Required Supplementary Information

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004

77,428

77,428

JACKSON COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES - MAJOR FUNDS Required Supplementary Information

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004

	-			GENER	AL FU	JND		
		Budgeted		Amounts		Actual mounts, udgetary	Fin	iance with al Budget Positive
	C	Original		Final		Basis)	(N	legative)
REVENUES								
Taxes	\$	624,740	\$	624,740	\$	693,894	\$	69,154
In Lieu Tax Payments		66,000		66,000		85,740		19,740
Excess Fees		7,800		7,800		31,008		23,208
Intergovernmental Revenue		434,875		434,875		149,664		(285,211)
Charges for Services		20,000		20,000		15,322		(4,678)
Miscellaneous		2,000		2,000				(2,000)
Interest		6,000		6,000		2,253		(3,747)
Total Revenues		1,161,415		1,161,415		977,881		(183,534)
EXPENDITURES								
General Government		408,423		421,333		403,321		18,012
Protection to Persons and Property		200,651		191,301		173,606		17,695
General Health and Sanitation		319,000		283,840		73,725		210,115
Social Services		1,000		1,000		1,000		
Recreation and Culture		42,600		42,600		12,600		30,000
Debt Service						9,748		(9,748)
Administration		153,250		184,850		165,851		18,999
Total Expenditures		1,124,924		1,124,924		839,851		285,073
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over								
Expenditures Before Other								
Financing Sources (Uses)		36,491		36,491		138,030		101,539
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Financing Obligation Proceeds								
Transfers To Other Funds		(265,659)		(265,659)		(312,000)		(46,341)
Transfers From Other Funds		75,168		75,168		35,000		(40,168)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(190,491)		(190,491)		(277,000)		(86,509)
Not Change in Front B. I		(154,000)		(154,000)		(120.070)		17.020
Net Changes in Fund Balance		(154,000)		(154,000)		(138,970)		15,030
Fund Balance - Beginning		154,000		154,000		216,398		62,398

Fund Balance - Ending

	ROAD FUND									
	Budgeted Amounts Original Final				A	Actual Amounts, Budgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
REVENUES								<u> </u>		
InLieu Tax Payments	\$	60,440	\$	60,440	\$	57,666	\$	(2,774)		
Intergovernmental Revenue		751,313		841,313		982,590		141,277		
Interest		10,000		10,000		37,161		27,161		
Total Revenues		821,753		911,753		1,077,417		165,664		
EXPENDITURES										
General Government		10,800		10,800		10,800				
Roads		852,797		958,797		888,016		70,781		
Debt		56,000		32,000		25,296		6,704		
Administration		181,222		189,222		145,132		44,090		
Total Expenditures		1,100,819		1,190,819		1,069,244		121,575		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other										
Financing Sources (Uses)		(279,066)		(279,066)		8,173		287,239		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers To Other Funds		(75,168)		(75,168)		(35,000)		40,168		
Transfers From Other Funds		(73,100)		(75,100)		35,000		35,000		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(75,168)		(75,168)		33,000		75,168		
Net Changes in Fund Balance		(354,234)		(354,234)		8,173		362,407		
Fund Balance - Beginning		354,234		354,234		555,451		201,217		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$	563,624	\$	563,624		

	JAIL FUND									
	Budgeted Amounts			Actual Amounts, (Budgetary		Variance with Final Budge Positive				
		Original		Final	Basis)		(Negative)			
REVENUES										
Intergovernmental Revenue	\$	56,741	\$	78,681	\$	58,333	\$	(20,348)		
Miscellaneous						15,021		15,021		
Interest		2,000		2,000		486		(1,514)		
Total Revenues		58,741		80,681		73,840		(6,841)		
EXPENDITURES										
Protection to Persons and Property		304,800		343,724		324,651		19,073		
Administration		44,600		42,616		27,354		15,262		
Total Expenditures		349,400		386,340		352,005		34,335		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other										
Financing Sources (Uses)		(290,659)		(305,659)		(278,165)		27,494		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers From Other Funds		265,659		280,659		277,000		(3,659)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		265,659		280,659		277,000		(3,659)		
Net Changes in Fund Balance		(25,000)		(25,000)		(1,165)		23,835		
Fund Balance - Beginning		25,000		25,000		4,626		(20,374)		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$	3,461	\$	3,461		

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE FUND

REVENUES	Original Final		A (B	Actual Amounts, (Budgetary Basis)		ance with al Budget Positive (egative)	
Intergovernmental Revenue	\$	43,500	\$ 65,500	\$	133,343	\$	67,843
Interest		150	150		2,717		2,567
Total Revenues		43,650	 65,650		136,060		70,410
EXPENDITURES							
General Government		1,200	1,200		539		661
Protection to Persons and Property		6,900	5,900		5,687		213
General Health and Sanitation		6,250	6,250				6,250
Social Services		3,500	3,500		3,500		
Recreation and Culture		12,000	13,000		5,000		8,000
Roads		15,000	37,000		35,668		1,332
Total Expenditures		44,850	66,850		50,394		16,456
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(1,200)	(1,200)		85,666		86,866
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							,,,
Transfers To Other Funds					(8,000)		(8,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			 		(8,000)		(8,000)
Net Changes in Fund Balances		(1,200)	(1,200)		77,666		78,866
Fund Balances - Beginning		1,200	 1,200		31,090		29,890
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	0	\$ 0	\$	108,756	\$	108,756

48,857

JACKSON COUNTY **BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES - MAJOR FUNDS Required Supplementary Information** For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004 (Continued)

Fund Balances - Ending

TRANSFER STATION FUND Actual Variance with Final Budget Amounts, (Budgetary Positive **Budgeted Amounts** Original Final Basis) (Negative) REVENUES 266,352 Charge For Services 230,000 230,000 36,352 Interest 2,500 2,500 1,191 (1,309)**Total Revenues** 232,500 232,500 267,543 35,043 **EXPENDITURES** General Health 223,500 264,643 256,205 8,438 Debt Service 20,588 18,771 1,817 16,988 Administration 10,800 16,057 14,066 1,991 251,288 301,288 289,042 12,246 **Total Expenditures** Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Transfers and Financing Sources (Uses) 47,289 (18,788)(68,788)(21,499)47,289 Net Changes in Fund Balances (18,788)(68,788)(21,499)Fund Balances - Beginning 18,788 68,788 70,356 1,568 48,857

0

0

			SPECIAL (GRAN	T FUND		
	Budgeted Amounts Original Final		A (B	Actual mounts, udgetary Basis)	Fin	iance with al Budget Positive Jegative)	
REVENUES					<u> </u>		
Intergovernmental Revenue	\$	970,000	\$ 1,543,100	\$	605,394	\$	(937,706)
Total Revenues		970,000	1,543,100		605,394		(937,706)
EXPENDITURES							
General Health and Sanitation		970,000	1,543,100		611,993		931,107
Total Expenditures		970,000	1,543,100		611,993		931,107
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over							
Expenditures			 		(6,599)		(6,599)
Net Changes in Fund Balances					(6,599)		(6,599)
Fund Balances - Beginning			 		10,261		10,261
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	0	\$ 0	\$	3,662	\$	3,662

JACKSON COUNTY NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

June 30, 2004

Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a cash basis of accounting and according to the laws of Kentucky as required by the State Local Finance Officer.

The County Judge/Executive is required to submit estimated receipts and proposed expenditures to the fiscal court by May 1 of each year. The budget is prepared by fund, function, and activity and is required to be adopted by the fiscal court by July 1.

The fiscal court may change the original budget by transferring appropriations at the activity level; however, the fiscal court may not increase the total budget without approval by the State Local Finance Officer. Expenditures may not exceed budgeted appropriations at the activity level.



JACKSON COUNTY COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS Other Supplementary Information

June 30, 2004

JACKSON COUNTY COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS-MODIFIED CASH BASIS Other Supplementary Information

June 30, 2004

	Forestry Fund		DES Fund		creation d Parks Fund	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds		
ASSETS								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,061	\$	43,183	\$	16,624	\$	60,868	
Total Assets	\$ 1,061	\$	43,183	\$	16,624	\$	60,868	
FUND BALANCES Unreserved:								
Special Revenue Funds	\$ 1,061	\$	43,183	\$	16,624	\$	60,868	
Total Fund Balances	\$ 1,061	\$	43,183	\$	16,624	\$	60,868	



JACKSON COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS Other Supplementary Information

JACKSON COUNTY

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS Other Supplementary Information

		restry Fund		DES Fund		ecreation ad Parks Fund	Gov	Total on-Major ernmental Funds
DENEZIONI IOC		_						_
REVENUES Taxes	\$	2.006	\$		\$		\$	2.006
	Ф	2,096	Ф	170 526	Ф		Ф	2,096
Intergovernmental				172,536		7.110		172,536
Charge For Services		10				7,119		7,119
Interest		42		150 506		52		94
Total Revenues	\$	2,138	\$	172,536	\$	7,171	\$	181,845
EXPENDITURES								
Protection to Persons and Property	\$	2,407	\$	154,967			\$	157,374
Recreation and Culture						17,424		17,424
Total Expenditures	\$	2,407	\$	154,967	\$	17,424	\$	174,798
Excess (deficiency) of Revenues Over								
Expenditures Before Transfers and								
Financing Sources (Uses)		(269)		17,569		(10,253)		7,047
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers From Other Funds						8,000		8,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			-			8,000		8,000
Total Other I maneing Sources (Oses)						0,000		0,000
Net Change in Fund Balances		(269)		17,569		(2,253)		15,047
Fund Balances - Beginning		1,330		25,614		18,877		45,821
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	1,061	\$	43,183	\$	16,624	\$	60,868



JACKSON COUNTY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

JACKSON COUNTY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004

A. SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

- 1. The auditor's report expresses an unqualified opinion on the financial statements of Jackson County, Kentucky.
- 2. No reportable conditions relating to the internal control of the audit of the financial statements are reported in the Independent Auditor's Report.
- 3. Two instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of Jackson County were disclosed during the audit.
- 4. No reportable conditions relating to the audit of the major federal awards programs are reported in the Independent Auditor's Report.
- 5. The auditor's report on compliance for the audit of the major federal awards programs for Jackson County expresses an unqualified opinion.
- 6. There are no audit findings relative to the major federal awards programs for Jackson County reported in Part C of this schedule.
- 7. The program tested as a major program was: Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) CFDA #14.228
- 8. The threshold for distinguishing Type A and B programs was \$300,000.
- 9. Jackson County was not determined to be a low-risk auditee.

B. FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

NONCOMPLIANCES:

Reference Number 2004-1

The County Should Require Depository Institutions To Pledge Or Provide Sufficient Collateral To Protect Deposits At All Times

The county maintained deposits of public funds with depository institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). According to KRS 66.480(1)(d) and KRS 41.240(4), the depository institution should pledge or provide sufficient collateral which, together with FDIC insurance, equals or exceeds the amount of public funds on deposit at all times. In order to be valid against the FDIC in the event of failure or insolvency of the depository institution, this pledge or provision of collateral should be evidenced by an agreement between the county and the depository institution, signed by both parties, that is (a) in writing, (b) approved by the board of directors of the depository institution or its loan committee, which approval must be reflected in the minutes of the board or committee, and (c) an official record of the depository institution. The county entered into a written agreement with the depository institution and met requirements (a), (b), and (c) stated above. However, as of June 30, 2004, the collateral and FDIC insurance together did not equal or exceed the amount on deposit, leaving \$67,017 of public funds uninsured and unsecured. We recommend the County require the depository institution to pledge or provide sufficient collateral to protect deposits at all times.

County Judge/Executive Tommy Slone's Response: We bank at Jackson Co. Bank. All funds now corrected.

JACKSON COUNTY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004 (Continued)

Reference Number 2004-2

The Fiscal Court Should Approve All Debt Issued Or Incurred

During our review of debt and debt service expenditures, we noted the county entered into a lease agreement with KADD Financing Trust for \$300,000 in May 2004. The proceeds from this lease were used to refinance a previous KADD lease for \$295,000 dated July 2003. The original proceeds were used to purchase land in anticipation of AOC approving Jackson County for a new courthouse. While we did obtain documentation from the State Local Debt Officer that he had been notified of the lease, we were unable to find fiscal court's approval of this lease. We recommend that the fiscal court authorize any debt issued or incurred.

County Judge/Executive Tommy Slone's Response: Correct, was put in the book 2004-2005.

REPORTABLE CONDITIONS:

None.

C. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - MAJOR FEDERAL AWARDS PROGRAM AUDIT

None.

JACKSON COUNTY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS Other Supplementary Information

JACKSON COUNTY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS Other Supplementary Information

Federal Grantor			
Program Title	Pass-Through		
Grant Name (CFDA #)	Grantor's Number	Exp	penditures
Cash Programs:			
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			
Passed-Through State Department			
for Local Government:			
Community Development Block			
Grant (CFDA #14.228)	00-038	\$	575,000
U.S. Department of Commerce			
Passed Through National Oceanic			
Atmospheric Administration:			
Pride Community Grant (CFDA #11.469)	CF03-14		50,000
U.S. Department of Transportation			
Passed Through State Department			
of Transportation:			
Intermodal Surface Transportation			
Efficiency Act (Big Hill Welcome Center)			
(CFDA #20.205)	C-02436496		30,000
U.S. Department of Homeland Security			
Passed-Through State Department of			
Military Affairs:			
Chemical Stockpile Emergency			
Preparedness Program			
(CFDA #97.040)	M-03276169		156,823
Homeland Security Grants Program	15.00100101		22 - 62 - 7
(CFDA # 97.004)	M-03138124		22,635
Homeland Security Grants Program			
(CFDA # 97.004)	M-03254738		5,124
(-			
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security		_\$	184,582
Total Cash Expenditures of Federal Awards		\$	839,582

JACKSON COUNTY NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS Other Supplementary Information

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004

Note 1 - The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the federal grant activity of Jackson County, Kentucky and is presented on a modified cash basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, <u>Audits of States</u>, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations.

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS



CRIT LUALLEN AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

The Honorable Tommy Slone, Jackson County Judge/Executive Members of the Jackson County Fiscal Court

Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Jackson County, Kentucky, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2004, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 18, 2005. Jackson County presents its financial statements in accordance with modified cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Jackson County's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weakness. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Jackson County's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing opinions on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such opinions. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of material noncompliance that is required to be reported under <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

- Reference Number 2004-1: The County Should Require Depository Institutions To Pledge Or Provide Sufficient Collateral To Protect Deposits At All Times
- Reference Number 2004-2: The Fiscal Court Should Approve All Debt Issued Or Incurred



Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards (Continued)

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management and the Kentucky's Governor's Office for Local Development and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than the specified parties.

Respectfully submitted,

Crit Luallen

Auditor of Public Accounts

Audit fieldwork completed - October 18, 2005

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133



CRIT LUALLEN AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

The Honorable Tommy Slone, Jackson County Judge/Executive Members of the Jackson County Fiscal Court

Report On Compliance With Requirements Applicable To Each Major Program And On Internal Control Over Compliance In Accordance With OMB Circular A-133

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Jackson County, Kentucky, with the types of compliance requirements described in the <u>U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement</u> that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2004. Jackson County's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of Jackson County's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Jackson County's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, <u>Audits of States</u>, <u>Local Governments</u>, and <u>Non-Profit Organizations</u>. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Jackson County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Jackson County's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, Jackson County complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2004.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of Jackson County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered Jackson County's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.



Report On Compliance With Requirements Applicable To Each Major Program And On Internal Control Over Compliance In Accordance With OMB Circular A-133 (Continued)

<u>Internal Control Over Compliance</u> (Continued)

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants caused by error or fraud that would be material in relation to a major federal program being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over compliance and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Jackson County Fiscal Court, the Kentucky's Governor's Office for Local Development, and federal awarding agencies and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than the specified parties.

Respectfully submitted,

Crit Luallen

Auditor of Public Accounts

Audit fieldwork completed - October 18, 2005

CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE - LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

JACKSON COUNTY FISCAL COURT

CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

JACKSON COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004

The Jackson County Fiscal Court hereby certifies that assistance received from the Local Government Economic Assistance Program was expended for the purpose intended as dictated by the applicable Kentucky Revised Statutes.

Commy Slone

County Jadge/Executive

Patricia Gabbard County Treasurer